THE [*Numb.* 639.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *Auguſt* 4, 1757.

HOWEVER uncuſtomary or unfaſhionable it may appear, to cram a Sermon into a News-Paper, we hope the Reprinting the following, which is wrote in a new Taſte, will not be unacceptable to our Readers: It is taken from a late London *Impreſſion, and ſaid to be,*

A SERMON preached at the Pariſh of *W*-------*n* in *Glouceſterſhire*, on the FAST-DAY, from I. COR. VI. 20. *For Ye are bought with a Price.*

THE Words of this Text, though taken from an obſolete and long ſince exploded Book, are ſtill to be found in the Cloſets of ſome Antiquarians; to whoſe particular Curioſity, Ingenuity, or Vanity perhaps, we are obliged for the Preſervation of the Whole. A Book, which ſeemed to have no real Value ſet on it, while it was formerly in every idle Body's Hands, but now begins to riſe in Fame in Proportion as its Numbers decreaſe; and, as I have ſaid, may, in the worſt and moſt degenerate of Times, be found in the Cabinets, not of Princes, but of ſpeculative, and perhaps whimſical Men——Like the late B----p of ****.

THE whole Volume conſiſting of two diſtinct Books, by Name the Old and New Teſtament, was wrote for the Inſtruction of Mankind in general, when in the Dawn and Infancy of their Underſtanding. As they grew on to riper and maturer Judgments, there was no Neceſſity for the Legiſlature to condemn, cenſure, or lay it aſide; for it naturally dropt of its own ſelf, when they wiſely thought there was no further Occaſion for its Aſſiſtance.

LEADING Strings, after a certain Day and increaſe of Strength in the once trembling and tottering Infant, are thrown away, or preſerved for ſome future Offspring of the ſame Age and Condition. Guides, after conducting People certain Lengths, leave you to proceed on your Journey, but with a friendly Proviſo, that if you are again puzzled or benighted, you may again refer to them; but here there was no ſuch Occaſion; for this Book once read, admired, and underſtood, by our ſtudious and pious Anceſtors, was ſufficient for the third and fourth Generation; as a Proof of which, not one of their Poſterity have ever been caught in the Fact of reading it; nor, but for the ridiculous and frequent Forms of Oaths before Magiſtrates, and therefore little minded, would even the Name of this Book be known, unleſs by Antiquarians, and Men of almoſt uſeleſs Curioſity.

THE Odds at *Arthur*'s, and other ſuch excellent Academies of Science, are, that there is no ſuch Being as a Providence or God: This can be no *Match*, as the cant Word is there, among themſelves, for they are all of *one Mind in an Houſe*, and never will ſuffer any Strangers to mingle with them. And come abroad into the leſs polite World, how little Chance is there of an Alteration of thinking or acting there, where Manners, and Faſhions equally deſcend from the Great to the Small? For what the Nobleman begins, the Peaſant generally ends.

BUT more immediately to the Words of my Text. There are near Fifty Thouſand Pariſhes of the high and low Church, in his Majeſty's Dominions; in every Church or Conventicle, this Day, in Obedience to the Command of our Superiors, is or ſhould be ſet apart for Prayer, Faſting, Humiliation, Contrition, Charity, Benevolence, Meekneſs, Forgiveneſs, &c. not one of which, I imagine, will be practiſed from the known Tendency of the Natives of *England* to go their own Way, and not be forced into any Thing; as well from a Preſcription they lately plead to diſobey all Orders of P--------t, becauſe ſay they, and perhaps with Reaſon, we had no Hand in it. Hang Poſterity! What has Poſterity done for me? So prove the Words of my Text, *Ye are bought with a Price*. The brib'd returning Officer firſt buys the poor Voter, by Money, Promiſes or Threats; the wealthy Candidate next buys the returning Officer; the Miniſter buys the Member, and the Miniſter, at laſt, is bought himſelf; ſo that, *Ye are all ſold, and bought with a Price*.

SHALL we think of Remedies for this almoſt incurable Diſeaſe? or ſuffer the preſent Race firſt to be driven away, *Like Chaff before the Wind*, and rather take Advantage of innocent Infancy, and the growing Race, to recover the reading of this long forgotten and obſolete Book, by taking them unawares, and making them believe it a Novel or Romance, when there is no Fear but they will almoſt get by Heart, and believe every Word of it. By this Method there is a Chance, that one in a Hundred, in Time to come, may remember ſomething about the Old and New Teſtament, and, by Habit, put them accidentally in Practice.

THAT *Ye are all bought with a Price* appears in every Circumſtance of Life. Fathers ſell their Sons to an irrecoverable Loſs of Honour, Fame, and Virtue, for the very ridiculous Feather of a Title, which, conſidered properly, is but a Kind of Nick Name the better to diſtinguiſh the Fool or the Knave, wherever and whenever he appears to, what he calls, Advantage,——*Man being in Honour has no Underſtanding*. Mothers ſell their Daughters, and forfeit their Health, their Honour, and Tranquility, for the ſame paltry Price. Friends, and the moſt intimate Acquaintance, ſell one another in the warmeſt Hours of their Connections, and for a very poor Price indeed, merely for the Pleaſure of ſelling them; they ſell them for nought, as the Buyer generally neglects, or forgets to pay the promiſed Price for them.

IN vain may Addreſſes, from every Corner of *Great-Britain*, deplore our wretched Situation! In vain may Convocations meet, look ſerious, and be ſilent! In vain may Prayers be read to draw a Bleſſing on the Proceedings of certain Senates before they begin their daily Buſineſs! In vain may Prudes go early to Churches by the firſt Stroke of the Bell! In vain may one or more Days in the Year be appropriated, as this is intended to be, for public faſting and praying; *It is all Vanity and Vexation of Spirit!* Faſt and pray privately; leave Gaming, Luxury, Whoring and Drunkenneſs to the Great only, who have long ſince been given over to utter Darkneſs; for though there is not the leaſt Hopes of their Reſtoration, there are ſome Hopes, perhaps, from thoſe I am now ſpeaking to.

HOW uſeful and neceſſary the obſolete Book, from which the Words of my Text are taken, was to the early Ages of this Country, may appear by this, that even their Poſterity, and particularly thoſe of the preſent Times, have not entirely forgotten certain Maxims delivered down to them by their careful and generous Forefathers; which being pretty ſtrongly enforced now, proves how very eagerly they muſt have been embraced by the firſt Admirers of this obſolete Author; as moſt Things languiſh by length of Time, and the Circumſtances of a bare Hearſay only. Thus the *Viſiting the Sins of the Fathee, unto the third and fourth Generation* is ſtill viſible in the Practice of a late M--------y, who never forgave even the Godſon of a Godfather, though he was no Relation, if ever that Godfather voted againſt their pernicious and deſtructive Meaſures. But not only Perſecution was a favourite and adopted Virtue of theirs, Patience and Humility, though not entirely the ſame as recommended in the obſolete Book, is highly in Practice among the People in general of this Kingdom, particularly the upper Rank of them. They have the Patience to be daily and hourly dunned by their Tradeſmen and Creditors, without returning one evil Word, or any Word at all;——they have the Patience to hear a whole Kingdom's Voice againſt their corrupt and illicit Practices, without changing Countenance in the leaſt;——and they have the further Patience, Forbearance and Long-ſuffering, to wait for Penſions, Places, Sine-Cures, and Victualling or other beneficial Contracts, till in the dirty Purſuit of them they very patiently ſink what little Fortunes their Fathers and honeſt Anceſtors bravely and honourably laboured to give them.

THEIR Humility, though perhaps alſo a miſtaken one, is well meant too, as far forth as their Genius or Abilities reach, and ſeems to be in ſome Meaſure owing to a verbal Account or Hear-ſay of this ſame obſolete Book: Elſe, Why ſhould Noblemen or Gentry of the foremoſt Rank in Town or Country, love to dreſs like ſcoundrel Servants, and particularly Coachmen? Elſe, Why ſhould they drive their own Equipages in Public themſelves? Why ride Matches at *Burford*, *Newmarket*, and in this very County, like common Grooms? unleſs to prove their Humility, and to ſhew themſelves *poor in Spirit*, that they may be the ſooner *bleſſed*; for *Bleſſed are the Poor in Spirit*, ſays this very anonymous and obſolete Author.

A SMALL Digreſſion from the exact Words of the Text, makes me return with double Eagerneſs and Pleaſure, as thoſe who have gone a little out of their Road, to ſee ſomething that appear'd curious at a Diſtance, when they are ſatisfied, with greater Satisfaction reach their Path again. *Ye are bought with a Price.*

FROM mercenary and hireling Armies, and ſuch all thoſe muſt be where Commiſſions are purchaſed by any other Prices but thoſe of Blood and Honour. From no leſs mercenary Navies, where, though the Market is not quite ſo viſible as the other, for a Proof of which, every *London* Daily Paper informs you the Price of all Ranks and Incomes, what Expectations of Glory or Succeſs can we form againſt our common Enemy? So that let who will purchaſe by Money, Intereſt, Treachery, or any other more private Price, I am ſure *Ye are all* ſold *for a Price*; and Foreſtallers, Ingroſſers, and Regrators, though puniſh'd in other very ſlight Affairs of Corn, Meal, and ſuch Trifles as they may appear to People, whoſe *Hearts are fat as Brawn*, here are publicly Honour'd and publicly Diſtinguiſh'd.

IF a private unbeneficed Clergyman, for Inſtance, marries, or injures the fair Reputation of a great Man's Daughter, in order to marry her to more Advantage, and of a ſudden we ſee him raiſed to ſplendid Dignities and golden Honours, what can we ſay? but that in ſpite of all Secreſy, Oaths of Simony and other Trifles of that Nature, as they certainly are now a-days, the Preferment he enjoys *is bought with a Price*; as without this Lady's kind Aſſiſtance, or the Family's lucky Pride, to preſerve her tender and unblemiſhed, becauſe unknown Reputation, a Secret, he might ſtill have remained on his uſual Pittance in *Wales*, of *10l.* a Year, excluſive of his other Benefices——the Tap, and his Cremona,——thoſe ever faithful Friends to the Clergy, of that glorious Principality.

IF the beggarly and booby Son and Heir of a very needy and penſion'd Nobleman, allies himſelf to the Daughter and Riches of a very wealthy Citizen, and of a ſudden, this ſame Man, who never knew the Cloſet of a late M--------r before, unleſs to betray his moſt intimate Friend, is of a ſudden received with Warmth and Affection by ſuch a Man, diſtinguiſhed at Levees, invited to ſhare in Parties of Pleaſure, Banquets and ſo forth, appears with a good Place, unfit for his Abilities of Head, or Integrity of Heart; we are left to imagine how he obtained this unexpected Gift; *How he found Favour in his Lord's Sight*; and from thence again we conclude that the Words of my Text, taken from this anonymous and obſolete Author are true, *that Ye are bought with a Price*.

WHEN will this end; I will firſt aſk, when did it begin? But the Anſwer I ſhould gain from the preſent very learned and diſcerning Age, would be—we never lived better in our Lives, Feaſting and Joy is all we think of, take no Thought for To-morrow, and then finiſh like the ſimple *Hibernian*, when the Ship was abſolutely ſinking, *We are only Paſſengers*. Theſe acute Gentlemen, might as well quote a few Words from the obſolete Author, when their Hand is in; and ſay, *we are Gueſts, who tarry but for a Day*; but that would unluckily put them in mind of *To-morrow* in an Inſtant, which they never once thought of, or ever will.

I ONCE more return into my forſaken Path, and will make no further Digreſſions.——Honours, Staves, Ribbons, golden Keys, and Stars, were originally intended to diſtinguiſh the Brave, the Generous, the Virtuous, and the Good; but when we ſee broken Attorneys made general Officers, Grandſons of Tradeſmen raiſed to the Rank of Monarchs, and other Advancements given to the Refuſe of a Kingdom, we imagine, but cannot prove by what Steps they raiſed themſelves ſo high.

ON the other Hand, when we ſee People of the firſt Rank and Abilities ſlighted, or if formerly taken into Place or Power, for their Merit, at once diſcarded to make Room for ſome hitherto unknown Perſon. We ſhall, upon a nearer Scrutiny and more exact Examination of the Affair, be left to gueſs, though the Proof might be difficult, that the firſt Perſon deſerved to be turned off, becauſe he had no Power to ſerve a preſent Turn with a bad M--------, while the other is embraced becauſe he can immediately do a Bribe-worthy Service; I ſpeak of very ancient Times, at leaſt, Nine Hundred---Hours ago! So that I hope to be underſtood for the Future, that inſtead of *Ye are*, Ye have been *bought with a Price*.

THERE are certainly Seaſons in the Affairs of Kingdoms in general and Mankind in particular, as well as Seaſons of the Year; let the Winter be ever ſo black, cloudy, tempeſtuous, diſpleaſing, and unwelcome, the Spring, though late, muſt come on; Summer will ripen, though not ſo effectually perhaps, as if all had been regular before; and in Autumn the Fruits and Harveſt muſt be gathered be they better or worſe. Our Spring, though a late one, is now begun! We have Reaſon to expect, after ſuch a tedious, dark, and diſpleaſing Winter, a fair, a promiſing, and kindly Summer; if ſo, the Autumn will, at length and in its proper Turn, repay all our Labours and paſt Sufferings; we ſhall no longer be pinched with Want and Diſtreſs; no longer ſicken with Calamity and Trouble, as we have done; Plenty will return; our Horn will be exalted; the Ways of our new M--------y ſeem Mercy, Goodneſs, and Benevolence; and all their Paths we hope will be Peace: But not till we have carried on a truly *Britiſh* War, with the old *Britiſh* Spirit, by which Means, and theſe only, we can obtain a truly *Britiſh* Satisfaction: Then we can ſay with Truth, we are no longer bought with a Price, as we have been; and which ye did not believe perhaps, while ye were all Parties concerned in the Sale, as too many of you have, I fear, unwarily been.

BUT though it is commonly ſaid we may know a Tree by the Fruit, we may, without waiting that Seaſon, pretty well gueſs what Fruits particular Trees will bear, with the proper and well judged Cultivation. Thus a Perſon bred in Luxury, Expence, Profuſion, Riot, Feaſting and Wantonneſs, who never had any other Object before his Eyes, even from his Youth upwards, and who never ſhewed the leaſt Prudence or Oeconomy in his own domeſtic and private Affairs, can little be expected to be a faithful Steward of the public Treaſure, or Retainer of her Secrets. No other Fruits can be expected from ſuch a Tree, and it ſhould be cut down and caſt into the Fire, for *why doth it encumber the Ground?* But when Plants of promiſing Growths are well ſecured by Education and private Government, till they are qualified to undertake that of the Public, when every Care and Cultivation neceſſary for that Species is procured and given, there is no Fear but that the Labour of the Cultor will be amply rewarded, by every one ſpeaking well of the Fruit he taſtes.

HAPPY would it have been for this Realm had ſuch Stewards been employed! Happy for the Stewards themſelves had they employed themſelves to a Nation's Advantage, which in the End is their own! A Kingdom is a perpetual Jury to try, at all Times, the Merits of Men in Power and public Life; by ſwearing themſelves to think and act rightly, they perhaps are more faithful than if they had been ſworn by others; and however a Great Man may think that elegant Seats, ſplendid Equipage, coſtly Furniture, Vaſes of Silver and Gold, and *whatſoever his Soul liketh*, may dazzle the Eyes of the ſtupid and ſtaring Multitude, it is only while the Object is before them, for the Moment it is removed, they ſit in Judgment upon him, and aſk how he has obtained all this? If wealthy Anceſtors, fortunate Legacies, Succeſs in Marriage, or Profits from well followed Agriculture do not appear, they immediately cry, he is a public Robber without Doubt,——and we dearly pay for his Splendour.

TRUE

TRUE Reſpect is owing to yourſelf alone, act well your Part,—there all the Honour lies,—but while Men by bad Heads and worſe Hearts fooliſhly imagine there is no Reſpect paid to Humility, Plainneſs, and Simplicity of Heart, but only to Shew, Splendour and Dignity, the Public muſt pay for their Miſtake, and the Treaſure of a Nation will be drained to ſupport it.——Has this been the Caſe or no? Was there ever ſuch Quantities of rich and expenſive Furniture in any Age, even in the *Eaſtern* Days, againſt which the Prophets laid ſo vehement a Streſs? Did any Times produce ſuch a Thirſt for Coaches, Chariots, Paintings, China, Carpets, and every Thing for Ornament and not for Uſe? Sums thrown away on a ſingle Bett at a Race, or on a paltry Card, that would ſupport whole Families in decent Neceſſaries; even Eſtates, ſome of which I have now under my Eye in this County, which have paſt away like a Dream, or rather like a common Piece of Money, at one ſingle Whiſper of a Wager.

AWAKE, awake! my Brethren, and though the very obſolete Book from which I borrow my Text, is not to be had in every Place, nor to be found in every one's Memory, yet come to me and I will explain it further, I will addreſs our worthy Friends to employ their little Power with the unworthy People in *London*, to apply properly that a New Edition of this very valuable Book, may be reprinted at the public Expence; till when I ſhall take the Liberty, as becoming my ſacred and therefore independant Function, to conclude this with a Liſt of ſuch wiſe Sayings as I have read there myſelf, and which, as I ſhall give you the Chapter and Verſe of, you will be perſuaded I cannot deceive you in, till you have an Opportunity of ſeeing the Original, which I know to be in the Hands of one Perſon in this County, though a Man little ſuſpected of ſuch a ſtrange Curioſity, and not many Miles from this very Place. Now hear and remember what a Perſon ſays, called *Jeremiah*, believed by ſome few a Prophet and a true one.

MOAB is deſtroyed, her little Ones have cauſed a Cry to be heard. Jer. xlviii. verſe 4. *They did cry there*, Pharoah, *King of Ægypt is but a Noiſe, he hath paſſed the Time appointed.* Ch. xlvi. ver. 17. *Then ſaid* Zedekiah *to* Jeremiah, *Let no Man know of theſe Words and thou ſhalt not die; but if the Princes come unto thee, and ſay unto thee, Declare unto us now, what thou haſt ſaid unto the King, hide it not from us, and we will not put thee to Death, alſo what the King ſaid unto thee,* Ch. xxxviii. ver. 24, 25. *For a Voice of Wailing is heard out of* Zion, *how are we ſpoiled!* Ch. ix. ver. 19. *Behold I will ſend for many Fiſhers and they ſhall fiſh them, and after I will ſend for many Hunters and they ſhall hunt them, ſaith the* LORD; *from every Mountain, and from every Hill, and from out of the Holes of the Rocks.* Ch. xvi. ver. 16. *For my People have committed two Evils: They have forſaken me the Fountain of living Waters, and hewed them out Ciſterns, broken Ciſterns, that will hold no Water.* Ch. ii. ver. xiii.

Now hear what another wiſe Man ſays, called *Iſaiah*, in the ſame obſolete Book: Imagined alſo by ſome, perhaps credulous People, to be a Prophet, and no falſe one. *Your Country is deſolate, your Cities are burnt with Fire, your Land Strangers devour it in your Preſence.* Ch. i. ver. 7. *How is the faithful City become an Harlot; it was full of Judgment: Righteouſneſs lodged in it, but now Murderers.* ver. 21. *And I will reſtore thy Judges as at firſt, and thy Counſellors as at the Beginning; afterwards thou ſhalt be called the City of Righteouſneſs, and the faithful City.* ver. 26. *And the People ſhall be oppreſt, every one by another, and every one by his Neighbour; the Child ſhall behave himſelf proudly againſt the Ancient; and the Baſe againſt the Honourable.* Ch. iii. ver. 5. *Woe unto them that join Houſe to Houſe, that lay Field to Field, till there be no Place, that they may be placed alone in the Midſt of the Earth.* Ch. v. ver. 8. *Therefore my People are gone into Captivity, becauſe they have no Knowledge; and their honourable Men are famiſhed, and their Multitude are dried up with Thirſt.* ver xiii. *And the mean Man ſhall be brought down, and the mighty Man ſhall be humbled.* ver 15. *Say ye not a Confederacy, to all them to whom this People ſhall ſay a Confederacy, neither fear you their Fear, nor be ye afraid.* Ch. viii. ver. xii. *The Ancient and Honourable, he is the Head; and the Prophet that teacheth Lies, he is the Tail.* Ch. ix. ver. 15. *For the Leaders of this People cauſe them to Err, and they that are led of them, are deſtroyed.* ver. 16. *They that ſee thee, ſhall narrowly look upon thee, and conſider thee; ſaying, is this the Man that made the Earth to tremble? That did ſhake the Kingdoms?* Ch. xiv. ver. 16. *Woe unto them that ſeek deep to hide their Counſel from the Lord, and their Works are in the Dark; and they ſay, who ſeeth us? and who knoweth us?* Ch. xxix. ver. 15. *For the terrible one is brought to nought, and the Scorner is conſumed; and all that watch for Iniquity are cut off.* ver 20. *For his Princes were at* Zoan, *and his Ambaſſadors came to* Hanes: *They were all aſhamed of a People that could not profit them, nor be an Help nor Profit, but a Shame, and alſo a Reproach.* Ch. xxx. ver. 5 *and* 6. *The vile Perſon ſhall be no more called liberal, nor the Churl ſaid to be bountiful.* Ch. xxxii. ver. 5. *Behold their valiant Ones ſhall cry without; the Ambaſſadors of Peace ſhall weep bitterly.* Ch. xxxiii. ver. 7. *Thy Tacklings are looſed, they could not well ſtrengthen the Maſt; they could not then ſpread the Sail; then is the Prey of a great Spoil divided; the Lame take the Prey, and the Inhabitant ſhall not ſay I am ſick.* ver. 23, 24. *They ſhall call the Nobles thereof to the Kingdom, but none ſhall be there, and all her Princes ſhall be nothing.* Ch. xxxiv. ver. 12. *And the Crooked ſhall be made ſtrait, and the rough Places plain.* Ch. xl. ver. 4. *But this is a People robbed and ſpoiled; they are all of them ſnared in Holes, and they are hid in Priſon Houſes; They are for a Prey, and none delivereth, for a Spoil, and none ſaith reſtore.* Ch. xlii. ver. 22. *Remember ye not the former Things, neither conſider the Things of old. Behold I will do a new Thing, now it ſhall ſpring forth, ſhall ye not know it?* Ch. xliii. ver. 18, 19. *Stand now with thy Inchantments, and with the Multitude of thy Sorceries, wherein thou haſt laboured from thy Youth; if ſo be, thou ſhalt be able to profit; if ſo be, thou ſhalt prevail.* Ch. xlvii. ver. 12. *Thus ſhall they be unto thee, with whom thou haſt laboured, even thy Merchants from thy Youth, They ſhall wander every one to his Quarter, none ſhall ſave thee.* ver. 15. *Behold! all ye that kindle a Fire, that compaſs yourſelves about with Sparks; walk in the Light of your Fire, and in the Sparks that ye have kindled: This ſhall ye have of mine Hand, ye ſhall lie down in Sorrow.* Ch. l. ver. 11. *Ye have ſold yourſelves for nought, and ye ſhall be redeemed without Money.* Ch. lii. ver. 3.

BOSTON, *July* 18.

Extract of a Letter from on board the Orford Man of War, dated at Sea, May 26th, 1757.

THE Fleet ſailed from Cork the 8th of May, being about 90 Sail in all; 14 Line of Battle Ships, a Fire Ship, a Bomb, a 20 Gun Ship, 2 Sloops, 60 Tranſports, with about 6000 Troops, and ſome Merchantmen from different Parts: A 60 Gun Ship and a Bomb were ſtill to join them. The Troops are commanded by Major General Hopſon, Major General Lord Charles Hay, with Lord Howe, and ſeveral other Gentlemen of Diſtinction, and ſeem to be all in good Spirits. Before the Fleet left Ireland, the Somerſet Man of War brought into Kinſale two Ships with about 200 Soldiers bound to Louiſburg, and the Rocheſter was left in Purſuit of three more; and it was the current Report the Day the Fleet ſailed, had brought them into Beerhaven near Cape-Clear. The York Man of War has likewiſe taken three Ships and carried them into Plymouth, with about 500 Men more. The Change in the Miniſtry is now believed to be ſettled, as the Duke of N—— and Mr. Pitt are together."

Extract of a Letter from Liſbon, April 26, 1757.

——" From the 5th of February to this Day, we have had one continual Sun-ſhine: In the ſeveral Quarters of the laſt Moon, we have had no Repetitions of Earthquakes; which cannot be ſaid of the 17 Revolutions of that Planet, ſince November 1ſt, 1755. *(The Day never to be forgotten, when that rich and famous City met with that amazing Deſolation, as has been heretofore publiſhed.)* ——The City continues yet a Scene of miſerable Ruins: The King continues in his wooden Palace: Nothing can perſuade the Queen to reſide one Day in a Place ſurrounded with Walls: When they go a Hunting, they ſleep in Tents:——A large Timber Cuſtom-Houſe is erecting in the Rebeiro:—— A Fire broke out in one of the Baracas (Huts) of the Rocio, which burnt down near 50 of them; and had it not been for the Soldiers, moſt of the People would have been burnt in their Beds:—— Three of our Packets have been taken by the French: Sherburn, to this Place. by a Privateer of 30 Guns: The Harwich and Groyne Packets; the former of which is reported to have a great Sum on board: We have now a 40 Gun Ship in Queſt of her."——

We hear from London, by Way of Halifax, that his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, and Mr. Pitt, are again placed at the Head of Affairs; That Mr. Fox has a Penſion of 2000 l. per Annum for himſelf and Heirs.——That Lord Anſon has been offered a Chair at the Board of Admiralty, but refuſed it.——That it was reported before the Fleet left Ireland, that the Earl of Winchelſea was out of the Admiralty.

Extract of a Letter from Albany, dated the ſecond Inſtant.

" This Afternoon we had News from the Forts, that Capt. Putman, with a Party of 60 Men, had been out to South-Bay, and on his coming there he diſcovered 20 Canoes or French Battoes, coming down towards him: He had the good Luck to fire one or two Vollies on them, and killed, as is ſaid, 30 or 40. He is returned to the Forts with the Loſs of one of his Men, and two ſlightly wounded.

Wedneſday laſt Mr. Jeremiah Lincoln arrived in Town, from Fort Edward, and upon Oath declared, That he was an Enſign under Major Thaxter, and that on the 18th of September laſt (being out on a Scout with Capt. Hodges) he was taken Priſoner by a Number of French and Indians, near Fort William-Henry, and was carried by them to Ticonderoga, and there redeemed by General Montcalm, for 200 Livres, and ſent to Crown-Point, from whence he went to Montreal, where he had Liberty to work for his Living.——That on or about the 10th of June laſt, he was informed, that three Veſſels had arrived at Quebec from France, who brought Advice, that 25 Sail, with 3000 Troops, were to ſail ſoon after them for Canada.——That he was informed, by a Number of Engliſhmen and others, who had been at Quebec, that by the beſt Information they could get, they could not raiſe above 10,000 Forces there. ——He was alſo informed by ſeveral of the French People, that there was not above 6000 Regular Troops in all Canada.——That about the 12th of June 300 Regulars and 400 Indians marched from Montreal to Ticonderoga.——That he often heard at Montreal that the French deſigned to attack our Forts at the Lake; but by all the Intelligence he could get, and Obſervation he could make, they could not be able to make up an Army of above 5000 Men to go againſt them, by Reaſon they had ſent a great Number of their Forces to defend the Ohio, which they heard was going to be attacked by Col. Waſhington; and the Reaſon given why the Army was not ſent againſt our Forts ſooner, was, becauſe they heard at Montreal, that a Fleet and Army was coming from New-England, up the River St. Lawrence, againſt Quebec, but had given over the Expectation of their coming now, which was the Reaſon of their ſending ſome of their Forces to the Ohio, and others to Ticonderoga.——That he, the Declarant, with three others, made their Eſcape from Montreal on the 14th of June laſt, in the Night, and on their March homewards, two of them being ſo tired and fatigued that they could not proceed any farther, went and delivered themſelves up at Crown-Point. That he, this Declarant, and the other, afterwards arrived at Fort-Edward, where his Companion was ſtopped by General Webb, as he was one of the Regulars taken at Oſwego.—— The Declarant further ſays, that when he was at Crown-Point Fort, by all the Obſervation he could make, there was no Battery or any other Works thrown up on any Hill near the Fort.

N. B. *The French were ſo ſhort of Proviſions at Montreal, that they could not ſupport the Priſoners in Goal, but let them go at large, to provide for themſelves.*

NEW-YORK, *July* 25.

Extract of a Letter from Fort Hekames, July 6.

——" Since I have been here, we have had ſeveral falſe Alarms, and continual Advices from the Indians of the Enemy's Approach this Way, bnt all have as yet proved falſe. Yeſterday we diſcovered Tracks of the Enemy, and to Day are informed of a Party of the Enemy having taken a Priſoner from the German Flats.

" A ſad Accident happened here laſt Night; one Thomas Smith, a Suttler, has killed two of our Indians: I am afraid it will be of bad Conſequence to us, at this critical Juncture; it has already prevented a ſcouting Party of the Five Nations from going out, as they intended this Morning; inſtead of which they have left us, and gone to Sir William Johnſon."

PHILADELPHIA, *July* 28.

Since our laſt came to Town one Peter Lewney, who, for about a Year paſt, has been among the French and Indians at Fort Detroit, and informed us as follows, viz. That he was Enſign of a Company of Rangers in the Back Parts of Virginia, conſiſting of 70 Men, commanded by Capt. John Smith: That laſt Summer the Frontier Inhabitants being greatly diſtreſſed by the Incurſions of the Enemy, their whole Company went out, in different Parties, to their Aſſiſtance, except the Captain, himſelf, and nine private Men, who were in a Block-houſe, and had with them ſix Women, and five Children: That on the 25th of June, 1756, they were attacked by a Body of Indians, and ſome French, when they defended themſelves the beſt Part of a Day, in which Time, he ſays, they killed 32 Indians, and 3 Frenchmen, loſt two of their own People, and another Man and himſelf were wounded; but obliged to ſurrender at laſt, the Houſe they were in being ſet on Fire: That they were then carried off, and after travelling ſome Time, the Indians belonging to four different Tribes, divided the Priſoners, and parted: That before they came to the Lower Shawana Town (where he ſuppoſes there were about 300 Indians) the Shawaneſe made a Sacrifice of one Cole, whom they roaſted alive, and tormented for a whole Night before he expired, cutting Pieces of his Fleſh off of his Body, and eating it; and this they did in Sight of the French, who ſeemed unconcerned at their horrid Barbarity, and did not endeavour to reſtrain them, notwithſtanding the moving Intreaties and bitter Complaints of the poor Man: That they alſo killed and ſcalped another Man on the Road, he being old, and not able to travel: That he (Lewney) was the only one that was carried to Detroit, where there are about 300 French Families ſettled, and in what is called the Town, they have about 100 Houſes: That they have Plenty of Fiſh; the Land rich, on which they raiſe Wheat and Peas, and have very good Crops; and the Indians, of two or three different Nations, very numerous: That while he was at Detroit, an Indian King adopted him for his Brother, on which Account he was very well uſed, and was often with them at their Councils with the French, being dreſſed and painted as the Indians were, and not known by the French but as an Indian, living in every Reſpect as they did; and that one Time in particular, at a Conference, he heard the French Commander order the Indians to go firſt to Fort Duqueſne, then to Fort Cumberland, and afterwards to deſtroy all the Engliſh Inhabitants: That ſome Time about the Beginning of April, a great Body of Indians ſet off for Duqueſne in Parties, each Party having ſome Frenchmen with them: That about the Middle of June he left Detroit, in Company with a ſmall Party of Indians, who were going to Niagara with ſome Furs, in order to purchaſe Indian Goods: That from Detroit to Niagara it is about 280 Miles; and that on the Falls of the latter the French have a ſmall Fort, in which they keep 30 Men; and at Niagara there is a Fort of 24 Guns, ſix, nine and twelve Pounders, and in it about 300 Men: That while he was at Niagara, he met with one William Philips, of New-York, who was taken at Oſwego, and they agreed to make their Eſcape together: That the Night before they left it, 280 French arrived there from Cadaraqui, deſtin'd, it was ſaid, for Fort Duqueſne, who encamped that Night, and were to ſet out again the next Day; but he and Philips went off before them: That they travelled about 200 Miles (the Land bad, and moſtly drowned) when they came to Oſwego, without ſeeing an Indian; which Place, and Fort Ontario, they found intirely deſtroyed: That they then came to the Mohawk River, where they were kindly received by the Indians,

dians, who gave them Victuals, of which they were in great Want: And that they got to Albany the 12th Instant; from whence he proceeded to this City, and is now gone to Virginia, where his Parents live. He was born in this Town, and is about 23 Years of Age. Captain Smith, he said, was given to the French, and sent to Canada in the Spring.

On Friday last arrived here Captain Gardner, of the Ship Fanny, bound to Barbados; Captain Barnes, of the Sloop Fancy, bound to South-Carolina (both from this Place) and Captain Dickinson, of a Bermuda Sloop, bound to Bermuda from Virginia; who informed us of their several Vessels being taken on this Coast by a French Privateer Sloop, called the Swallow, one Ferret, Commander, from Cape-François.

ANNAPOLIS, *August* 4.

On the 27th of *July*, near *Tom's-Creek*, within 16 Miles of *Frederick-Town*, *Alexander M'Keafy*, was shot near his own House by an *Indian*, in the Knee, and the Bullet lodged in the Calf of his Leg: his Knee being shattered to Pieces, 'tis thought it will kill him. At the same Time his Son was carried away Prisoner; and a Negro Girl, whom an *Indian* had by the Hand, leading off, escaped by the Assistance of two Dogs, whom she set at the *Indian*, but he flung his Tomahawk at her and cut her very much in the Neck, tho' it's thought she will recover.

About three Weeks ago, one *Samuel Wilson*, a young Man about 17 Years of Age, was shot and scalp'd, near the House of *George Pow*, not far from *Anti-Eatam*. *Pow*, with his Wife and Eight Children, made their Escape; but his House, and every Thing in it, was burnt. Next Day they went and buried *Wilson*.

Saturday last his Excellency our Governor, was pleased to Prorogue the General Assembly of this Province (which stood Prorogued to the Twenty-third Instant) to Friday the Thirtieth Day of *September*.

Thursday last Mr. JOSEPH NICHOLSON, junior, Attorney at Law, of *Kent* County, was Married to Miss ELIZABETH HOPPER (a Daughter of Major HOPPER's) of *Queen-Anne's* County, a most agreeable well-accomplish'd young Lady, with a pretty Fortune.

☞ *This Town continues quite clear of the* SMALL-POX.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Subscriber intends to GREAT-BRITAIN this Fall, and therefore hopes, all Persons indebted to him, will come and make Payment of their Accounts before the First of *October* next, he having already waited with uncommon Patience for many; or otherwise may be assured, Suits will be brought against them without further Notice. And such as have open Accounts with him, are desired to come and settle the same, and receive Payment if the Ballance falls in their Favour.

He hath also to be Sold, by Wholesale, an Assortment of *European* and *East-India* GOODS, for Cash or Bills of Exchange, or short Credit if required. ROBERT SWAN.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship THOMAS AND SARAH, *Captain* WILLIAM HOLMES, *from* LONDON, *and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in* BALTIMORE-TOWN, *at the most reasonable Rates, for Currency, Sterling, or Tobacco,*

GREAT Variety of *European* and *East-India* GOODS. JONATHAN PLOWMAN.

Charles County, *Patowmack*, *August* 3, 1757.

THE Subscriber hereby gives Notice, That he carries on the Business of BAKING SHIP-BREAD, having supplied himself with skilful *English* Bakers, and all Conveniencies necessary to carry on the said Business; and that he has now, and intends to have always by him, large Quantities of Ship-Bread of all Sorts, the best in their Kind, to be had at his House on *Patowmack* River, near the Naval-Office, and also at his Water-Mill on the Head of *Wiccocomico* River, at very reasonable Rates, for Bills of Exchange, *Maryland* or *Virginia* Currency, &c. And any Gentlemen who purchase of him, may depend on meeting with quick Dispatch.

BENJAMIN FENDALL.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Time of a SERVANT WOMAN, who has Six Years to serve, and is well acquainted with Houshold Work. Enquire of the Printer hereof.

THE Subscriber having been a long Time confined in *Baltimore* County Goal, for Debt, and not having wherewith to redeem his Body, hereby gives Notice, That he intends to apply to the next General Assembly for an Act for his Relief. WILLIAM FELL.

Annapolis, *August* 4, 1757.

THE Subscriber intends to open a DANCING SCHOOL at ANNAPOLIS the Nineteenth Instant, to be Taught every Friday and Saturday, for Six Pounds a Year, and a Pistole Entrance: And those who chuse to learn by the Quarter, to pay Forty Shillings and the Entrance.

As the principal Gentlemen and Ladies at *Annapolis*, have subscribed to send their Children to the Dancing-School, the Subscriber hopes the Gentlemen and Ladies in the Neighbourhood, will follow their Example. JOHN ORMSBY.

N. B. The Subscriber intends to Teach DANCING Two Days in the Week at BALTIMORE-TOWN or UPPER-MARLBOROUGH, about the latter End of this Month. He also Teaches the Noble Science of DEFENCE, at a reasonable Rate.

THE Subscriber intending shortly for ENGLAND, desires Settlements with all Persons who have open Accounts with him, and Payments from as many as can oblige him. Such as cannot discharge their Ballances, will be indulged with Time, on giving Security, if thought necessary to be required. HANCOCK LEE.

RAN away on the 31st of *July* last, from the Subscriber, living near *Dockery's* Mill, in *Queen-Anne's* County, in *Maryland*, a Convict Servant named *Thomas Baker*, a Bricklayer by Trade; he is about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, raw-boned, much pock-broken and freckled, and has small sunken Eyes, with large Eye-Brows; it's said he has a Scar on one of his Wrists, and one of his Knees; he wears his Hair, which is almost red, but it's imagined he will cut it off; he has a very great Impediment in his Speech. Also a Servant belonging to *Thomas O'Bryan*, living near the same Place, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, well-set, round faced, has a lively Look, and swarthy Complexion. They both write tolerably well, and it's probable they will forge a Pass. They carried with them two Hats, two Pair of Shoes, one or two Osnabrigs Shirts, a white Linen Shirt of fine Garlix, and an old one of *Irish* Linen, two Pair of good Osnabrigs Trowsers (one of them made in the Manner of Sailor's Trowsers) one Pair of Osnabrigs Breeches, a white Coat, with Buttons covered with the same, one old short spotted Flannel Jacket, and one of the same Stuff lapell'd, and tolerably good. They have a Trifle of Cash with them, and a Pocket Compass. They talk much of being good Seamen, and 'tis supposed will endeavour to get on board some Ship.

Whoever takes up the said Servants, and secures them, so that their Masters may have them again, shall have Two Pistoles Reward for the Bricklayer, and what the Law allows for the other, paid by RICHARD TILGHMAN EARLE.

DESERTED on the 27th of *July* last, from Mr. *Thomas Beall*, the following Persons, *viz.*

Edward Sears, of a brown Complexion, a Planter.

John Lewis, of a brown Complexion.

Thomas Hill, aged about 35 Years, a Chair-Maker by Trade.

David Mackleffish, aged about 27 Years, a Planter, and of a brown Complexion.

John Bullman, of a brown Complexion, aged about 28 Years, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high.

Whoever apprehends, and shall commit any of them to *Anne-Arundel* County Goal, shall receive Forty Shillings Currency for each.

THERE is at the Plantation of Capt. *Daniel of St. Thomas Jenifer*, in *Charles* County, taken up as a Stray, a Red Steer about 7 Years old, mark'd with a Crop and a Staple Fork in the Left, and a Crop and a Hole in the Right Ear.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Mrs. *Rachel Sprigg*, in *Prince-George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a small Sorrel Mare, branded on the near Buttock B, and with something else, but so blindly that it cannot be discovered what.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Brown*, near the Head of *Severn*, two Steers, about 7 Years old, well grown, one a Dark Brindle, the other Pied, Red and White, mark'd with T S on the near Buttock, and with two Crops and two Swallow Forks.

The Owner may have them again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THE SUBSCRIBERS to the Reverend Mr. CRADOCK's *VERSION of the PSALMS, who have not yet taken their Books, may have them at the* PRINTING-OFFICE, *and are desired to pay their Subscription either to the Author, or to* Jonas Green.

N. B. *Some of the Subscribers being dead, a few of the Copies are to be Sold.*

July 27, 1757.

THE Subscriber intending very shortly for ENGLAND, desires all Persons indebted to him, to come and settle their respective Accounts by Note, Bond, or otherwise; and those to whom he is indebted, to come and receive Payment. DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

Annapolis, *July* 28, 1757.

THE Subscriber purposing for LONDON this Fall, to supply himself with WORKMEN and STAY-GOODS, gives Notice to all his old Customers and Others, that they may, on his Return (which he intends shall be as early as possible next Spring), be furnished with STAYS, made in the neatest Manner and of the newest Fashions, or as they shall be pleased to direct, with the greatest Expedition, upon their favouring him with their Commands as usual. And as it is necessary that he should collect his Debts (many of which have been long due), before he goes, for the carrying on his Trade in the Manner he proposes, and discharging all Claims against him, he desires all those who are indebted to him, to make immediate Payment; and hopes that this will be looked on by them, as the last Request which he intends to make in this Manner.

CHARLES WALLACE.

N. B. STAY-MAKING will be carried on by him as usual, till the last of *September* next.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Wednesday the 7th of September *next, at the Subscriber's House, in* ANNAPOLIS, *for Currency or Sterling,*

THREE convenient DWELLING-HOUSES, almost adjoining to each other, all in good Repair, with Gardens, &c. in one of which she now lives, and the others in the Occupation of Mr. *Minskie*, &c. Likewise, some Houshold Furniture, consisting of Tables, Chairs, Beds, Bedding, &c. &c. Also, a Servant Man, who is a remarkable good Block-Maker, and his Wife, who have about three Years to serve, and a Negro, who is likewise a good Block-Maker, together with their Tools, and a large Quantity of ready-made Blocks, and *Lignum Vitæ*.

All Persons who have any Claims against the Estate of Mr. *Gamaliel Butler*, deceased, are desired to bring them in, that they may be adjusted; and those who are indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make Payment to

MARY BUTLER, Administratrix.

WHEREAS the STAGE-BOATS and WAGGONS employed between *Philadelphia* and *New-York*, are found considerably advantageous to Travellers, therefore the Subscribers propose to extend the Stage from *Philadelphia* to *Annapolis*, &c. and for that Purpose have provided two good Stage-Boats, one in the River *Delaware*, and the other in *Sassafras*, at *Frederick-Town*, and the Public are hereby informed, that *Jonathan Jordan* will attend with his Boat weekly, at *Lloyd's* Wharff, on Fridays and Saturdays, and then proceed to *Cornelius Carty's*, at *Reedy-Island*, where Waggons will be ready to proceed to *Frederick-Town*, to the other Stage-Boat, which will proceed immediately to *Annapolis*, and so continue to do once a Week if possible.

As this Undertaking is considerably expensive, and will be useful to the Public, it is hoped it will meet with general Encouragement; and all Persons may depend upon good Usage, and the Stages performed at reasonable Rates, by

JOHN HUGHES, and Company.

THE PUBLIC are hereby further informed, That the *SASSAFRAS* STAGE-BOAT, well accommodated for Passengers, *John Gray* Master, will proceed weekly every Wednesday from *Frederick-Town* to *Annapolis*, where she will attend every Friday and Saturday (Wind and Weather permitting), and so return from thence on Saturdays at X o'Clock for *Frederick-Town*. And all Persons intending to take their Passage in her, or who may have Goods to send by her, are desired to be in Readiness by that Time. Letters, or other Things, left with Mr. *John Anderson*, at the Dock in *Annapolis*, before the Boat arrives, will be there called for by the Master of the Boat.

DESERTED from the *Maryland* Forces, and from the Companies commanded by Capt. *Francis Ware* and Capt. *Richard Pearis*,

William Jones, who is about 30 Years old, 5 Feet 5 Inches high, round ſhouldered, of a fair Complexion, by Trade a Carpenter, was born in *Prince-William* County, in *Virginia*; and had on when he deſerted from *Conococheague*, a white Broad-Cloth Coat, with a Velvet Cape, blue Veſt, and Scarlet knit Breeches.

John Brightwell, who is about 20 Years of Age, 5 Feet 4 Inches high, of a dark Complexion, was born in *Prince-George's* County, *Maryland*; and had on when he deſerted, a blue Coat with Metal Buttons, a white Shirt, and Oſnabrigs Trowſers.

William Owen, who is about 19 Years old, 5 Feet 4 Inches high, well made, of a ſwarthy Complexion, and is a Native of *Maryland*.

John McCullom, who is about 18 Years of Age, ſlender made, of a fair Complexion, and 5 Feet 3½ Inches high.

Rezin Rickets, late of *Anne-Arundel* County, about 22 Years old, 5 Feet 6 Inches high; he is well made, of a fair Complexion; and had on when he deſerted from *Annapolis*, a Linen Jacket without Sleeves, and Linen Breeches.

John Gennater, who is about 20 Years old, 5 Feet 1½ Inch high, ſtrong and well made, has brown Hair, by Trade a Glazier and Painter, born in *London*, and was enliſted in *Charles* County.

Whoever apprehends, and ſhall deliver any of them to an Officer of the ſaid Forces, or to any Sheriff of this Province, ſhall receive a Reward of TWO PISTOLES for each.

THE Subſcriber having been a long Time confined for Debt in *Calvert* County Goal, and not having wherewith to redeem his Body, hereby gives Notice, That he intends to apply to the next General Aſſembly for an Act for his Relief. DANIEL FRASIER.

WANTS EMPLOYMENT,

A YOUNG MAN of a fair Character, who has been brought up in the Mercantile Way, and has officiated about three Years in a Public Office in this Province, would be willing to ſerve as a Store-Keeper or Clerk. Any Gentleman who is in Want of ſuch a Perſon, may hear of him by applying to Mr. *Lancelot Jacques*, Merchant, in *Annapolis*.

TO BE SOLD BY THE SUBSCRIBER, at his Houſe near Elk-Ridge *Church, in* Anne-Arundel *County*,

AN Aſſortment of good freſh MEDICINES, Chymical and Galenical, imported from *London*, ſufficient (with the Addition of a few more, which may be had here) to furniſh a Shop for a Beginner in the Practice of Phyſic; as alſo Utenſils for an Apothecary's Shop, a compleat new Set of Surgeon's Inſtruments, a ſmall Collection of new Books on Surgery, Phyſic, &c. The Medicines to be Sold all in one Article, the Inſtruments in another, and the Books and Shop-Furniture, as the Buyer ſhall have Occaſion, and as ſhall be agreed on, all at reaſonable Rates, for Sterling or Current Money, or Credit upon Security, if required, by JAMES MACGILL.

N. B. A Catalogue of the Books may be ſeen at the PRINTING-OFFICE.

Onion's Iron-Works, *June* 23, 1757.

NOTWITHSTANDING that repeated Requeſts have been made to all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of the late Mr. *Stephen Onion*, of *Baltimore* County, deceaſed, to come and pay their reſpective Ballances to his Executrix, there are yet many who have paid no Regard to it; wherefore, this is to give Notice to all ſuch Perſons, to come and pay, or give their Obligations for the Payment thereof, in a very ſhort Time.

Alſo, all Perſons indebted to the late Mrs. *Onion*, are hereby requeſted to come and do likewiſe.

And, all ſuch as do not herewith comply, may (without Reſpect of Perſons) expect ſuch Meaſures will be taken, as will occaſion the leaſt Trouble to the Executrix aboveſaid; and to

JOSEPH SMITH.

WANTED,

A CURATE in *Dorcheſter* Pariſh, in *Dorcheſter* County. Any CLERGYMAN of the Church of *England*, that is without a Pariſh, and can come well recommended, will meet with great Encouragement, by applying to the Veſtrymen of ſaid Pariſh, who are impowered by the preſent Incumbent to agree with ſome fit Perſon to officiate in his Place.

Signed per *Order*,
ROGER JONES, Regiſter.

WALTER FYSON, who lived formerly at *Snailwell* near *Barnwell*, or *New-Market*, that was a Farmer, and afterwards followed the Trade of a Wool-Comber; if he be living, and will direct a Letter to *Samuel Berry*, *Briſtol*, he may hear of an Eſtate that is fallen to him of the Value of TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND POUNDS STERLING. Any Perſon that can give Notice of the Place of his Reſidence, to *Samuel Berry*, ſhall receive a Reward of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS STERLING; or any Perſon that can prove him to have been alive within five Years, or of his Death, ſhall receive TWO HUNDRED POUNDS STERLING of SAMUEL BERRY.

TO BE SOLD,

By JOHN COPITHORN, *at his Store in* ALEXANDRIA, *by Wholeſale or Retail, for Caſh, or Bills of Exchange, he intending for* England *in the Ship he is now Building*,

BROAD-CLOTHS of all Sorts, with ſuitable Buttons and Trimmings; Duroys, Sagathies, and *German* Serges, with ſuitable Buttons and Trimmings; *Iriſh* Linens of all Sorts; Hempen and Flaxen Oſnabrigs; plain and napt Cottons; Rugs of all Sorts; Blankets; Boys and Mens Felt Hats, and Caſtors, Silk lined; Shalloons, Allopeens, and Tammies; Mens, Boys, Womens, and Girls Shoes of all Sorts; Mens and Womens Silk, Cotton, and Thread Hoſe; Mens Worſted Hoſe; 6*d.* 8*d.* 10*d.* and 20*d.* Nails; Broad and Narrow Hoes, and Axes; Scarlet *New-Market* Jockey-Coats; black and buff-colour'd knit Breeches; Coopers, Carpenters, and Joiners Tools; ſome Ship-Chandlery; Gunpowder; Shot of all Sorts, and ſundry other Goods.

Baltimore Iron-Works, *June* 24, 1757.

RAN away from the Subſcriber laſt Night, a Convict Servant, named *James Griffitts*, but may change his Name, juſt Imported in the *Trial* Snow, into *Patapſco*: He is a middle-ſiz'd Fellow, well made, very brown Complexion, one of his Cheeks is ſomething larger than the other, was born in *Hereford-ſhire*, and pretends to be a Huſbandman, and appears as if he had a Rupture. He has an old blue Coat, ſtrip'd Flannel Jacket, Check Shirt, Linen Breeches, Shoes and Stockings, an old Hat, and a ſtrip'd Cap.

He appears like a Servant juſt come off the Ship, and had a Bundle of old Cloaths with him.

Whoever ſecures him, ſo that he may be had again, if Ten Miles from home, ſhall have Fifteen Shillings; if Twenty Miles, Twenty Five Shillings; if Forty Miles, Forty Shillings; if out of the Province, Three Piſtoles Reward; and if brought home, reaſonable Travelling Charges ſhall be allow'd, by RICHARD CROSALL.

ANDREW THOMPSON,
ROPE-MAKER,
In Annapolis, *who formerly lived with Mr.* James Dick, *in* London-Town,

IS now removed to Mr. *John Golder's*, near the Town-Gate, where he carries on the ROPE-MAKING BUSINESS in all it's Branches, and where all Perſons may be ſupplied with ROPES of any Kind, black or white: And all thoſe who ſhall be pleaſed to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on being faithfully ſerved with the beſt of Ropes, by

Their moſt humble Servant,
ANDREW THOMPSON.

N. B. He has plenty of TRACES and PLOUGH-LINES by him, which he will ſell at the moſt reaſonable Rates.

RAN away on the 6th of *May* laſt, from the Subſcriber's Plantation on *Patowmack* River, a Negro Man called *Billy*, about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet 9 Inches in Stature, has a ſtooping in his Shoulders, and a ſly Look. He had on a blue Coat. He formerly belonged to Mr. *John Pagan*, Merchant, near *Alexandria*. Being Country born, and often Travelling with his ſaid Maſter, he is well acquainted with the Roads, and it is ſuppoſed will endeavour for *Philadelphia*.

Whoever apprehends the ſaid Slave, is deſired, if above Thirty Miles, to have him committed to the neareſt County Goal; for which Trouble, and Advice thereof, he ſhall be Rewarded to his Satisfaction: And if any Perſon, taking the ſaid Runaway, will bring him to the Subſcriber, he ſhall be alſo paid to his Satisfaction, and all reaſonable Charges accruing thereon.

GEORGE WILLIAM FAIRFAX.

H. CALLISTER, Agent for FOSTER CUNLIFFE and SONS, Eſqrs. deſires all Debtors to their Concern at *Oxford*, to make Payment in Caſh or Tobacco, or in Wheat ſo long as he is willing to take it; and thoſe who are not able to make immediate Payment, are deſired to come and ſettle.

As he is conſcious of having hitherto treated his Debtors with exemplary Lenity, notwithſtanding the malicious Aſperſions on his Character by a Set of abandon'd and ungrateful Wretches, whoſe deſperate Circumſtances conſtrain'd him to take the Steps neceſſary to ſecure the Intereſt he has Charge of, and ſuch Aſperſions have been with more Ill-Nature fomented by others: As it muſt be evident to all diſpaſſionate and diſcerning honeſt Men, that he has hitherto adhered to the ſtricteſt Rules of Humanity in collecting the Debts due to his Conſtituents, and given their Debtors the faireſt and happieſt Alternative in the Method of Payments that the Heart of an honeſt Man can deſire, and which they cannot with Juſtice claim, having conſtantly given higher Prices to his Debtors than he could purchaſe for of others, and taking a loſing Commodity; he is ſtill Conſiſtent, and will have all the Patience a reaſonable Man can wiſh, on taking Bonds, or good Surety, where the Circumſtances of the Debtor appear to him precarious. This he is induced to from the Conſideration of the preſent Times bearing hard on many, and purely for their own Sakes, for he has had his Patience already tried and abuſed, and does not think himſelf obliged to ſuſpend the Rigour of Juſtice. This, it is hoped, People will reflect upon, and alter their Conduct with regard to him.

He has ſtill on Hand, a conſiderable Quantity of *European* and *Weſt-India* GOODS, both old and freſh, which he will ſell cheap for ready Tobacco, Caſh, or Wheat.

June 9, 1757.

ALL Perſons indebted to the PAPER CURRENCY OFFICE, are required to pay the INTERREST due on their BONDS within Six Months from the Date hereof, otherwiſe the Bonds will be put in Suit.

Signed per *Order of the Commiſſioners*,
RICHARD DORSEY, Clerk
of the Paper Currency Office.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the LEE, *Captain* JOHNSTOUN, *from* LONDON, *and to be Sold by the Subſcribers, at their Store, adjoining to the Parade, in* ANNAPOLIS, *where Mr.* Anderſon *formerly kept Tavern*,

SUNDRY EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS; for Bills of Exchange, Paper Currency, or Sterling.

ALEXANDER & ANDREW SYMMER.

THE Subſcriber intending for *London* this Summer, requeſts all Perſons indebted to him to come and make Payment, or ſettle their Accounts by Note, or Bond: And thoſe who have any juſt Demands againſt him, are deſired to come and receive Payment of the ſame.

JAMES WARDROP.

JOHN BENNETT, in ANNAPOLIS, ſells all Sorts of manufactured TOBACCO, in ſmall or large Quantities.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his OFFICE in *Charles-ſtreet*; by whom all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d. per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inſerted for Five Shillings the firſt Week, and One Shilling each Week after the Firſt.